



www.thehuntingandanglingclub.com

January 25, 2014

Dear Representative

Some of you have been receiving packets of information from our Resource Sentinel masthead for many years and will remember The Hunting and Angling Club logo too. But for you younger ones, THAAC was the organization we formed back in 1986 to take on the American Indian Movements historical revisionist, clever marketing scheme, (or you could call it a conspiracy) of restoring 'Treaty Rights.' We formed it to protect the rights of 'we the people' from corporate funded interests, including taxpayer funds from rouge agencies of our own federal government.

We formed it to protect the rights of 'we the people' from corporate funded interests,

Under the guise of social 'Justice' for our Indian brothers and sisters, we now have a system controlled by the elite and their corporate powers that are increasingly gaining more wealth on the many 'Injustices' they are dumping on the majority.

According to Susan Bradford, in the book 'Lynched' about Jack Abramoff, It all started back in the 20's when John D. Rockefeller created a think tank to lobby politicians to use the Department of Interior and Bureau of Indian Affairs to craft legislation, which resulted in the Indian Reorganization Act. The IRA stopped the assimilation of the Indian people into mainstream society and also took away their constitutional rights. The reasoning behind the legislation was to use the tribes to take control of the territory which held valuable natural resources like oil, coal, trees, minerals, water, 'for the national security interests of our country.'

The plan worked just great for these particular interests so in the late 60's the big food companies in Minneapolis decided to get in on the act so they could use the tribes to supply fish for their chains of supermarkets and restaurants. They had already orchestrated an agreement between the State of Minnesota and the Red Lake Band to harvest a portion of Red Lake way back in the late 20's. So after forming AIM they quickly used Governor Wendy Anderson's administration to make the Leach Lake Agreement in 1973.

Governor Anderson got his picture on the front cover of Time Magazine while the owners of local sports fishing tourism destinations lost their rights and economic vitality. Their local wealth got trucked out of town to the rich and powerful. We had many friends who had worked hard all their lives building wonderful resort destinations that brought vitality and happiness to thousands of visitors annually to the area. Their happiness came to an abrupt halt when the gill nets appeared and the fish disappeared. The 'Injustices' causing job losses continues through today.

Both of these State Agreements have been grossly violated by the tribal gill-netters many times causing great economic and social pain. When the fish are gone the jobs are gone. Mother Nature cannot provide for both user groups. We said it back in 1983 when we helped The Save The Game Fish Committee buy out the quotas

of the white gill-netters on Lake of the Woods and Rainy Lake, and we are still saying it today.

Enclosed is a paper hot off the press that outlines this years' legislative plan. But which is one we have diligently worked on for thirty years, to stop the injustices harming the majority, by the Indian Reorganization Act and the American Indian Movement.

According to Bruce Fein, speaking to our Citizens Equal Rights Alliance group in Washington, D. C., as an Assistant Secretary to the United States Attorney General, of the Justice Department of the United States a few years ago about the ramifications of the Senator Akaka legislation that would invent an Indian Tribe in Hawaii, he stated:

“Section 7 is flagrantly unconstitutional in its erection of a race-based government in violation of the non-discrimination mandates of the Fifth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments. It directs the Secretary of Interior to appoint nine Native Hawaiian Commissioners to prepare and maintain a roll of native Hawaiians to participate in the bogus ‘reorganization’ of a Native Hawaiian government. The race-based appointments violate the equal protection component of the Fifth Amendment. Preparing and maintaining a race-based electoral roll violates the same equal protection command. See Rice v.

Cayetano, supra.. As Justice Anthony Kennedy explained in that case: “The ancestral inquiry mandated by (Hawaii) is forbidden by the Fifteenth Amendment to the further reason that the use of racial classifications is corruptive of the whole legal order democratic elections seek to preserve. The law itself may not become the instrument for generating the prejudice and hostility all too often directed against persons whose particular ancestry is disclosed by their ethnic characteristics and cultural traditions.

Section 7 is flagrantly unconstitutional in its erection of a race-based government

During the past couple of weeks we have delivered packets to Governor Dayton, Senators Klobuchar, Franken and Representative David Dill, Chairman of the Fish, Game and Forestry Committee similar to this packet you are receiving today. The newspaper has copies of all the letters and articles that were delivered to them previously, except the financial studies that were only delivered to the Governor and U. S. Senators. When you read their letters you will note that we are asking them to support our request that: Chairman Dill hold a public informational legislative hearing at the high school in Onamia later in March so the private landowner/intervenors, and those they represent in the ongoing Mille Lac Treaty Case Management Plan may officially submit their testimony and studies to the State of Minnesota.

We respectfully request that yourself, as well as all the elected Minnesota Legislators and Congressional representatives, as part of your oversight obligation to honor your oath of office to protect the Constitution of these United States, support our request for this hearing to investigate the increasing injustices caused to American citizens being deprived of their rights as American citizens by Tribal Governments exercising delegated power and authority from agencies of the United States Government and the State of Minnesota.